

Process 1: Bringing people in the same space

Score each step: 0 (not applicable); 1 (started); 2 (on-going); 3 (nearly completed); 4 (completed)

| STEP | FINAL PLATFORM SCORE (Morning Session) | Score for Government | Score for UN network | Score for Donor network | Score for CSO network | Score for Business network |
|--|---|---|--|-------------------------|---|---|
| 1. Select/develop coordinating mechanisms at country level | 1 | 2 | 1 | | 2 | 1 |
| <i>Explanations: What activities/interventions underly this scoring? (Copy post-its written during workshop)</i> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Evidence (nutrition related studies, researchs conducted in Kyrgyzstan) proving importance of Nutrition Investment; SUN Government Focal Point has been nominated (Deputy Health Minister: Marat Kaliev) Importance to establish a Multisectoral Platform has been identified as a main step; | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Government approval for establishment of a Coordination Body is underway. | <p>Insufficient coordination on the whole. Nevertheless, Vice-prime minister supported a Round Table held on December 14, 2013, where participants agreed to establish a national platform in nutrition.</p> | | <p>It has been developed Regulations on Civil Society Alliance. More than 60 NGOs desired to take part in SUN Movement. Three NGOs have been reporting on their actions in nutrition.</p> | <p>1.1. Establishment of a formal structure on government level (establishment of the Alliance)</p> |

KYRGYZ REPUBLIC_Reporting format for final scoring (Ref. 4)

| | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|---|--|---|---|
| <i>Suggestions made for improvements?</i> | Stipulate in priority programs necessity of Coordination Body, e.g., National Council under Government. | Develop Plan of Actions and mechanism of interactions among sectors. | Enhance an existing body or establish a designated committee or sub-committee on nutrition. | | Intensify development of the SUN Platform. Integrate SUN Program into the National Food Program. Define a coordination structure. The SUN Movement has been expanding, but feedback mechanism is weak so far. | Develop a feedback mechanism |
| 2. Coordinate internally and broaden membership/engage with other actors for broader influence | 2 | 2 | 1 | | 1 | 1 |
| <i>Explanations: What activities/interventions underly this scoring? (Copy post-its written during workshop)</i> | Enough organizations are currently working to improve nutrition among population (Kyrgyz Association of Salt Producers, Republican Health Promotion Center, Village Health Committees, National Centre on Mother and Child Health etc.), but they have no coordination organ. | MoH does coordination, though not all key state organs have been involved. | Members do not fully participate. | | | 1.2 Support is not always stable in case of executive leaderships change. Не всегда осуществляется политическая поддержка исполнительного уровня при смене руководства |
| <i>Suggestions made for improvements?</i> | Make proposal to | Establish a | Schedule an extensive | | Get approved CSA | Expand MSP to |

KYRGYZ REPUBLIC_Reporting format for final scoring (Ref. 4)

| | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|--|---|--|
| | the Government and Parliament regarding financial feasibility of coordination mechanism. | Coordination Organ at the government level. | seminar and invite more NGOs, civil society, and religious leaders to take part in development of an action plan. Involve civil society, international organizations and donors. | | Regulations. Financial support is needed to address organizational issues. Develop communication strategies, monitoring mechanisms. | include other networks (donors, civil society, business and research institutes) |
| 3. Engage within / contribute to MSP | 1 | 1 | 1 | | 2 | 1 |
| <i>Explanations: What activities/interventions underly this scoring?</i> (Copy post-its written during workshop) | At MoH level several activities have been implemented (EBF for children under 6 months, Gulazik, Nutrition of Pregnant Women, Salt Iodization promoted through VHC, Fortification of Flour), Kyrgyz Association of Salt producers, Millers etc.) ; Government is developing Food Security and Nutrition Strategy (2014-2017) and MSP is identified as main action point | The work is fragmented. | No leadership, no structure, not all stakeholders are involded, technical groups do not meet regularly. | | With support of UNICEF Civil sector prepared trainers to monitor implementation of three laws. | |
| <i>Suggestions made for improvements?</i> | -Conduct mapping | Develop a Plan with | Need for structure, | | Strive for involvement of | 1.3 Identify and |

KYRGYZ REPUBLIC_Reporting format for final scoring (Ref. 4)

| | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|---|--|--|---|
| | on the base of studied households by National Statistic Committee - Study the quality of nutrition, - Develop a M&E mechanism for quality of nutrition | follow-ups | secretariat, coordinator, ToRs. Define a date Monthly meetings. | | decision makers into SUN Movement. Engage NGOs in discussions of programs. SUN. Участие НПО при обсуждении программы | focus on involvement of appropriate stakeholders. |
| 4. Track and report on own contribution to MSP | 1 | 1 | 2 | | 1 | 1 |
| <i>Explanations: What activities/interventions underly this scoring?</i> (Copy post-its written during workshop) | Monitoring has been conducted in various programs (BF, Iodized Salt, Gulazik,), reports are prepared internally, not published, not reviewed for generalization, and organizations do not cooperate and do not present monitoring data publically. | Monitoring system exists, but there is no mechanisms for public discussion of undertaken measures | SUN Movement is not covered in mass media, lack of information on SUN Movement for broader audience. Not every UN agency has the same commitment to SUN | | Lobbying by parliamentarians. Reports are prepared, but no cross-sectoral reports. | |
| <i>Suggestions made for improvements?</i> | Development of communication channels, long-term PR Nutrition Strategy, use of Internet, forum, mass media etc. | Work out reporting mechanism | Develop Plan of Actions; all participants of SUN Movement will meet quarterly, and technical groups – monthly. UN SUN streamining | | Develop an electronic platform with database on reports; it will entail sharing of experience and joint programs. Создание электронной платформы, где есть база данных отчетов. | Share of experience with various countries within Business sector |

| | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | Это способствует обмену опытом и созданию совместных проектов | |
| 5. Sustain Impact of the MSP | 1 | 2 | 1 | | 1 | 1 |
| <i>Explanations: What activities/interventions underly this scoring? (Copy post-its written during workshop)</i> | Motivation/benefit mechanisms are not developed nor for beneficiaries nor for business structures. Local budgets ignore nutrition issues and do not link it to economic status of population. | Lack of coordination mechanism of the MSP and clear integrated approach. | Too early to speak on sustainability. Absence of communication strategy. Need building capacity of the Government and other stakeholders | | No portals, but for the SUN Movement only. | |
| <i>Suggestions made for improvements?</i> | Involve local communities to address nutrition issues (e.g. VHC, pregnant women); the beneficiaries condition the needs in nutrition and ensure sustainability of the programs, Funds (government and donors) | Political support at high level of MSP, development of integrated approach to address nutrition issues. | Involve civil society, international organizations and donors. Regular fundings | | At federal level nutrition issues should be addressed through all sector budgets (that is, nutrition issues should be focused directly or indirectly, as priorities are always many). много). | Stable support from political leadership of executive level despite any leadership change. |

Process 2: Coherent policy and legal framework

Score each step: 0 (not applicable); 1 (started); 2 (on-going); 3 (nearly completed); 4 (completed)

| STEP | FINAL PLATFORM SCORE (Morning Session) | Score for Government | Score for UN network | Score for Donor network | Score for CSO network | Score for Business network |
|--|---|---|---|-------------------------|---|---|
| 1. Analyse existing nutrition-relevant policies and programmes | 2 | 2 | 2 | | 1 | 1 |
| <i>Explanations: What activities/interventions underly this scoring? (Copy post-its written during workshop)</i> | Full analysis of existing legislation and nutrition programs has not been conducted yet. It is planned within SUN Funds. The analysis of the laws is done; insertion of additions and amendments to the Law On fortification of Flour is underway. | There are some fragmented analyses of current nutrition programs. | Technical support is needed in development of food security and nutrition program. A project is to be completed and approved by the KR Government. Recently some situational analyses were conducted, e.g., situational analysis on improvement of economic results through expansion of nutrition programs in KR (WB and UNICEF, June 30, 2011). Draft project on additions and amendments to the KR Law On Fortification of Baking Flour, concerning mandatory fortification of high and 1 st grade flour, was not approved. It has been approved Technical Regulation on Safety of Production, Storage, Transportation and Utilization | | Certain departments in the country do analyses, but comprehensive analysis does not exist | 2.1 No coherent policy and regulatory framework |

| | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|---|--|--|---|
| | | | of Products for Child's Nutrition in support of the KR law On Protection of Breastfeeding and Marketing of BMS. Lack of awareness of policy-makers and decision-makers. | | | |
| <i>Suggestions made for improvements?</i> | Analysis of budget financing, planning and execution, and discussion of results. International practice learning and implementing best practices in the country | Large discussion of a generalized analysis conducted by UNICEF only | Continue to conduct situational analyses, implementation of recommendations; prioritize nutrition among policy makers | | Ensure availability and transparency of information on nutrition. Build capacity of SUN participants, train the experts | 2.1There is a need to adapt policies and legislation. |
| 2. Mainstream nutrition in own policies and strategies | 2 | 2 | 2 | | 2 | 1 |
| <i>Explanations: What activities/interventions underly this scoring? (Copy post-its written during workshop)</i> | No single coordinating body and federal program that defines clear responsibilities and functions of every ministry and agency on nutrition. Only MOH and MOA prioritized nutrition in their policies and programs, some NGOs also have included nutrition in their missions and worked in this direction. | Only MOH, MOA and MOE included nutrition issues into their programs while other key ministries, having great indirect influence on nutrition, did not | Lack of full understanding of SUN strategy by all stakeholders; nutrition issues are included into organizations' strategies according to their mandates | | MOH, MOA, MoES (Ministry of Education and Science), MoED (Ministry of Economic Development) included nutrition into their plans, but not all executives are aware about actions of others, that is, the plans are not coordinated/aligned. | Need for updated policy, better awareness and support from the parliament |
| <i>Suggestions made for improvements?</i> | Expert review of legislation should be done; determine | Involve other government organs | Clear flexible Working Plan of Actions on Nutrition is | | Involve members of Civil Alliance into | Jointly review the policy with |

| | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|---|---|
| | involvement of key organs and decision-makers, their roles in promotion of quality nutrition among population. | into national MSP and in addressing of nutrition issues. | available. | | development and discussion of federal and municipal services. | other members of MSP to ensure its quality. |
| 3. Coordinate / harmonise member inputs in policy / legal framework development | 1 | 1 | 1 | | 1 | 1 |
| <i>Explanations: What activities/interventions underly this scoring? (Copy post-its written during workshop)</i> | At present, not all key organizations (ministries, international agencies etc.) are involved into decision-making process and program implementation. Today, is underway development of a Single Food Security and Nutrition National Program, including food security issues and improvement of nutrition. | Development of joint Strategy on Food Security and Nutrition is underway, but this process lacks coordination from existing Food Security Council under KR Government. | There is no national ministerial leadership or council/support on nutrition as of a main direction, though there is coordination of nutrition actions among relevant ministries. | | The joint Strategy on Food Security and Nutrition, developed by MoH and MoA, includes actions assigned to NGOs. | 2.3 Lack of coordination between relevant ministries. |
| <i>Suggestions made for improvements?</i> | Usage of existing dialog platforms in each sector, establish a Civil Alliance which includes different sectors: non-commercial organizations, business structures, scientific and educational organizations, local self-governments etc. Capacity building of stakeholders; prioritization of Nutrition by the Government | Activation of this Council, establishment of the Council Secretariat that includes specialists from organs implementing nutrition specific and nutrition sensitive interventions. | Coordination of all parties through the SUN. | | Regular monitoring in nutrition could be assigned to independent NGOs. | Capacity building |

| | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| 4. Influence policy/legal framework development through advocacy/contribution | 1 | 2 | 1 | | 1 | 1 |
| <i>Explanations: What activities/interventions underly this scoring? (Copy post-its written during workshop)</i> | Low awareness on nutrition and no commitment among decision-makers, disinterest among businesses for lack of motivational mechanisms; no indicators showing linkage/cooperation/consistency with other programs. | Lack of consistency of nutrition programs with other programs (e.g.: Sustainable Development Strategy) | No updated policy and strategy, but on nutrition only | | Nutrition is not considered as a priority. But, there are significant changes in updating the policy on indirect interventions | 2.4 Low awareness on nutrition among parliamentarian groups. |
| <i>Suggestions made for improvements?</i> | Use of existing business structures, communication with the MPs, creating informal committees on nutrition, work with fractions (political information, educational program on nutrition) | Mainstreaming of nutrition issues in other strategic programs | Strengthening of policy and program implementation, promotion of healthy nutrition among members of KR Parliament, creation of information committees | | Support for small and medium businesses, where mostly women are employed. | Support for small and medium businesses |
| 5. Disseminate policy and operationalize / Enforce legal framework | 1 | 1 | 1 | | 1 | 1 |
| <i>Explanations: What activities/interventions underly this scoring? (Copy post-its written during workshop)</i> | Civil sector and the public is not sufficiently included in discussion of bills and programs, as the topic is not widely covered by the media; process of interaction and cooperation is at an early stage. | Discussion of nutrition issues and programs have been carried out only through intradepartmental web sites. | Activities to inform Parliament of the KR MPs had already begun during ratification of the Second Additional Financing for the project Health and Social Protection according to project components, including | | Lack of understanding in the community on importance of nutrition. It is generally considered that nutrition issues – is | 2.5 Lack of awareness in population |

| | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|---|
| | | | the Gulazyk program. Dissemination of information. | | a prerogative of the Ministry of Health | |
| <i>Suggestions made for improvements?</i> | PR-campaign should accompany from the outset, create forums, web site with library (studies, reports, etc.) PR | Wide public discussions (forums, media, press releases) | Coordinating of messages' exchange, and communications Координирование обмена сообщениями, коммуникации | | Information channels should be accessible and non-interruptible. Need for service announcements, media coverage. | Publications, explanatory documents |
| 6. Track and report results for steering and learning / Sustain policy impact | 1 | 2 | 2 | | 1 | 1 |
| <i>Explanations: What activities/interventions underly this scoring? (Copy post-its written during workshop)</i> | Study data of MoE and NGOs, of MOH and other organizations in the field of nutrition were not widely discussed among population, and access to them is limited | No evaluation of policies' impact on critical nutrition issues | Study has not been completed (Mercy Co), lack of coordination | | Data of these studies are not published in the popular press | No communication with international organizations |
| <i>Suggestions made for improvements?</i> | Need to create an electronic library, a national site or use existing social networks for public access to publications. Regular M&E should be conducted, and the results submitted to decision makers: Parliament, Government and state organizations on nutrition, media; Establish/ improve capacity of data collection, entry and analysis and feedback of existing stakeholders | Monitoring and evaluation of activities and following discussions at the Council on Food Security under the Government | Identify priorities for further evaluation and joint evaluation | | Need for a dialog place, a site, a constant newspaper column, information platform on nutrition | Sharing of experience is needed |

Process 3: Common Results Framework for National Nutrition Plan (aligned programming)

Score each step: 0 (not applicable); 1 (started); 2 (on-going); 3 (nearly completed); 4 (completed)

| STEP | FINAL PLATFORM SCORE (Morning Session) | Score for Government | Score for UN network | Score for Donor network | Score for CSO network | Score for Business network |
|---|--|--|--|-------------------------|--|---|
| 1. Align own programmes to national nutrition-relevant policies | 2 | 2 | 2 | | 2 | 2 |
| <i>Explanations: What activities/interventions underly this scoring? (Copy post-its written during workshop)</i> | KR joined SUN Movement in December 2011. Sectors implement their policies in accordance with international standards. Development of Nutrition Program has been underway since 2004, long before joining the SUN Movement. Draft Food Security and Nutrition Program for 2013-2017 is developed. | Weak coordination by the Food Security Council under the KR Government | A Health Summit was held in November 2013 and attended by development partners. There were also discussed nutrition issues; overall coordination in accordance with the mandates | | Nutrition is indirectly addressed in programs, but it is not a priority. | No effective interventions on nutrition |
| <i>Suggestions made for improvements?</i> | -Create an action group to promote the Program on | Create a coordinating body under KR | Present the Program on Food Security | | Decision makers should understand the | Some nutrition interventions have been |

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| | Food Security and Nutrition; -Strengthen capacity of stakeholders, particularly of those responsible for monitoring and evaluation; -involve organizations at all levels, including self-governments; -State supervision is needed | Government, and develop program evaluation indicators | and Nutrition to all donors | | importance of nutrition for the country | remitted for high level consideration Некоторые вопросы питания ожидают вмешательств на высоком уровне. |
| 2. Translate policy / legal framework in Common Results Framework (CRF) for SUN | 2 | 2 | 1 | | 1 | 2 |
| <i>Explanations: What activities/interventions underly this scoring? (Copy post-its written during workshop)</i> | There is national legislation, however it is not implemented effectively. Nutritional issues are included into various programs, including nutrition specific interventions: - Den Sooluk National Health Reform Program of the Kyrgyz Republic for 2012-2016 (approved by the | Lack of sectoral programs to improve nutrition except MoH and MoA; CRF includes only activities of individual ministries | Analysis of nutrition potential is not a national priority in development. CRF exists, but is not yet finalized. CRF Implementation Plan is underway, it was launched last year. No tools to assess the potential | | Such an action as mandatory quality school meal should be part of the Food Security Program being adopted | |

| | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | <p>Government, # 309 of May 24, 2012); Program on Prevention and Control of Noncommunicable Diseases in the Kyrgyz Republic for 2013-2020 (approved, # 597 as of November 11, 2013);</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Education Development Strategy of the Kyrgyz Republic till 2020 with the action plan, indicators and budget; - Action Plan developed for the new Program on Food Security and Nutrition includes activities on nutrition. <p>However, there is no single plan of action, monitoring and evaluation of the budget. Nutrition is not a national priority, but micronutrient</p> | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|

| | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|---|--|
| | deficiencies has been a hidden problem. Poor coordination | | | | | |
| <i>Suggestions made for improvements?</i> | - Nutrition should be included in programs and strategies for integrated development; -coordinate all action plans: technical group should develop a general plan of actions with all stakeholders. Coordination Committee should be established (with quarterly meetings), which assigns a technical working group. The Technical Group will develop an action plan for SUN Movement (meetings on a monthly basis). | Involvement of other government bodies to discuss results of the nutrition plan/framework | Finalize the nutrition plan jointly with all members, and define the timeframe up to June, 2014. | | Education system should foster comprehension of good nutrition from early age | 3.2 Nutrition should be considered in conjunction with other priority programs |
| 3. Organise implementation of CRF | 1 | 2 | 1 | | 1 | 2 |
| <i>Explanations: What activities/interventions underly this scoring? (Copy post-its written during workshop)</i> | Responsibilities are not clearly shared out among | MoH monitors implementation of interventions | No measures for capacity building. Her | | Development of NGOs network in nutrition has | Nutrition is a national priority in development. |

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| | stakeholders | aimed at improved nutrition. No clear, organized approach to implement CRF. | вмешательств по повышению потенциала | | just started. | |
| <i>Suggestions made for improvements?</i> | -assessment is needed; -mapping, -assigning tasks to stakeholders | Strengthening and capacity mobilization of government agencies to implement CRF | Increase capacity by organizing seminars, workshops and exchange of lessons learned | | Increase NGOs capacity in M&E tools Повышать потенциал НПО по инструментам Mio | 3.3 Conduct training of specialists on regular basis |
| 3. Manage implementation of CRF | 2 | 2 | 1 | | 1 | 2 |
| <i>Explanations: What activities/interventions underly this scoring? (Copy post-its written during workshop)</i> | Weak monitoring system because of financial constraints, lack of communication, poor feedback | No implementation mechanisms for CRF | Mapping of all organizations, clear roles | | Studies are conducted regularly. Plans are not adjusted/corrected. | No monitoring system for CRF. |
| <i>Suggestions made for improvements?</i> | -Develop a guidance on M&E; Develop a feasible, effective and coherent general plan for M&E; -Well-planned strategy | Create a working group to develop an implementation plan for CRF | Good planning is necessary | | SUN working group could perform leading and coordinating role. | Develop a system on monitoring and tracking for CRF. |
| 4. Track and report implementation results for steering and learning/evaluate to sustain impact | 2 | 2 | 2 | | 2 | 2 |
| <i>Explanations: What activities/interventions underly</i> | Nutrition-specific | No mechanism for | Nutrition | | No exchange of | Interacting |

| | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|---|--|---|--|
| <i>this scoring?</i> (Copy post-its written during workshop) | and nutrition sensitive programs are being implemented. | exchange of information and share results of impact on nutrition. | activities are expanded, but not for CRF. Расширяется охват мероприятиями по питанию, но не общей рамке | | information between government organizations, donors and NGOs. | organizations do not provide feedback. Нет обратной связи между взаимодействующими организациями |
| <i>Suggestions made for improvements?</i> | Use the lessons learnt through successful salt iodization. | Develop database on enhanced multisectoral interaction. Создание базы информационных данных усиления Межсекторального взаимодействия | International workshop for middle and senior management of the Ministry of Health and Ministry of Agriculture and Melioration | | Donors are to ensure wider access to project results, and monitoring data | Develop a platform to exchange data |

Process 4: Financial tracking and resource mobilisation

Score each step: 0 (not applicable); 1 (started); 2 (on-going); 3 (nearly completed); 4 (completed)

| STEP | FINAL PLATFORM SCORE (Morning Session) | Score for Government | Score for UN network | Score for Donor network | Score for CSO network | Score for Business network |
|--|--|-------------------------|---|-------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. Assess financial feasibility | 1 | 1 | 2 | | 1 | 0 |
| <i>Explanations: What activities/interventions underly this scoring?</i> (Copy post-its written during workshop) | No transparency, limited access to information, no mapping for monitoring system for nutrition - | Lack of regular funding | Calculations of nutrition plans are still underway. Bce | | Lack of regular funding system | Lack of financial support |

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|---|--|
| | specific interventions; lack of financial management in general | | еще в процессе существующие расходы | | | |
| <i>Suggestions made for improvements?</i> | - Improve transparency, access to information through websites, media, an electronic platform; -Discuss cost calculations; -Involve local communities | Ensure transparency of financial flows in nutrition. | Intensify as soon as possible the work on CRF to receive funds Фасилитировать Общую Рамочную работу как можно скорее для получения финансирования | | Develop indicators to assess financial feasibility. An example is Bhutan, where GDP was canceled. Produce as much as needed to avoid overproduction | Develop a financial incentive by attracting additional resources (external and internal) |
| 2. Track and (transparently) accounting of spending | 1 | 1 | 1.5 | | 1 | 0 |
| <i>Explanations: What activities/interventions underly this scoring? (Copy post-its written during workshop)</i> | No accounting transparency, no analysis of lessons learnt | No accounting on nutrition interventions fulfilled Нет отчетности по выполнению мероприятий по улучшению питания | No monitoring action plans | | No accounting on nutrition interventions | Reporting exists Отчетность существует |
| <i>Suggestions made for improvements?</i> | -Improve transparency and accounting through on-line platform, booklets, raise of public awareness; - implement best practices | 4.2. Ensure improved accounting control of Nutrition Action Plans обеспечение повышенного контроля финансовой отчетности в области выполнения планов действий по | With donors' | | To study best practices of other countries Изучить передовой опыт других стран | Possibility of mapping Возможность картирования |

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| | | питанию | | | | |
| 3. Scale up and align resources (incl. filling the gaps) | 1 | 1 | 2 | | 1 | 0 |
| <i>Explanations: What activities/interventions underly this scoring? (Copy post-its written during workshop)</i> | Federal budget deficit, need for external support, financial gaps are not defined Дефицит государственного бюджета, необходимость внешней поддержки, не определен финансовый охват | Lack of coordination organ in nutrition prevents investments Отсутствует координирующий орган по вопросам питания, что препятствует привлечению инвестиций | Donor contributions are coordinated through the Memorandum of Cooperation (Den Sooluk Health Reform Program), fortification is part of SUN Movement. There is no clear information on spending and financial gaps in all sectors involved | | The Food Security Council does not perform the role of coordinating body | No coordinating body, nutrition issues are not addressed |
| <i>Suggestions made for improvements?</i> | Fulfill costs analysis, take actions to attract additional financial resources | Create a single coordinating mechanism for attracting investments, and consolidate stakeholders efforts in nutrition field | Exchange information concerning financial gaps and demands/request | | The country has enough nutrition programs, but coordination is needed. | Need for creation of a single coordination body |
| 4. Honour commitments (turn pledges into disbursements) | 1 | 1 | 2 | | 1 | 0 |
| <i>Explanations: What activities/interventions underly this scoring? (Copy post-its written during workshop)</i> | No tax incentives for flour producers | No government support for producers of enriched flour and Gulazyk | Financing Agreement for the Second Project on Health | | No system of thought-out and flexible strategies, and | No government support for development |

| | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|---|---|
| | | | and Social Protection equivalent to US \$ 16.5 million, of which US \$ 13.5 million are allocated to SWAp-2, between the World Bank and the Government of the Kyrgyz Republic has been approved by the Government and is under ratification at the Parliament. | | tax breaks Нет системы продуманных и гибких стратегий, налоговых льгот | of business in nutrition Нет поддержки со стороны государства для развития бизнеса в сфере питания |
| <i>Suggestions made for improvements?</i> | Develop social partnership; -create a list of credible??? NGOs - | Create conditions for granting (temporarily) tax breaks to businesses (or ta[release) | Increase proportion of external sources, analyze the gaps | | Support of domestic producers | Create incentives to support domestic small and medium businesses |
| 5. Ensure predictability / sustain impact / multi-year funding | 1 | 1 | 2 | | 1 | 0 |
| <i>Explanations: What activities/interventions underly this scoring? (Copy post-its written during workshop)</i> | There are long-term strategies, but they are not flexible | No clear financial program, plans to address nutrition issues | Not applicable to donors | | | |
| <i>Suggestions made for improvements?</i> | Greater involvement of local communities for sustainability | 4.5.1. Need to establish a stable system for financing of nutrition programs by | | | Introduction of innovative technologies; | 4.5.1 Introduction of innovative |

| | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| | | <p>coordinating the efforts of government agencies, business community, NGOs and international donors</p> <p>4.5.2. Decrease financial gaps through transparency and control of financial transactions in nutrition.</p> <p>4.5.3. Develop multiyear financial plans on nutrition</p> | | | <p>financial support for updating and introduction of new technologies</p> | <p>technologies; financial support for updating and introduction of new technologies</p> |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|