Financing tracking and resource mobilisation

A study on nutrition financing is in progress in 2016 and could make it possible to orient the implementation of a financial monitoring and resource mobilisation system. The government has honoured its commitments concerning disbursements for nutrition. The situation is more mixed on the side of the financial partners, but some have also honoured their commitments. The governmental contribution is flexible, stable and growing. The PSMN currently being created will make it possible to identify the financial needs of the nutrition sector.

Institutional Transformations in 2015 - 16

Bringing people together into a shared space for action

Equipped with a roadmap, the Fight Against Malnutrition Unit (CLM) piloted the creation of the National Nutrition Development Policy (PNDN) in 2015 and a Strategic Multi-Sectoral Nutrition Plan (PSMN) is in the process of being created in 2016. The Civil Society Platform continues its structuring process and is expanding to the regions. An advocacy strategy is in place to widen the participation of relevant players, notably from the private sector, parliamentarians, academics, local authorities, along with economic, social and environmental councils.

Ensuring a coherent policy and legal framework

A coherent political and legal framework for nutrition is in place at a national level. The global public policy monitoring framework (Joint annual review of the Emerging Senegal Plan) integrates nutrition. A number of analyses of policies and legislation were made in 2015-2016, in order to increase the coherence of the programmes, projects and initiatives in progress (Global alliance for resilience [AGIR], Assessment & Research on Child Feeding [ARCH], New Alliance for Food Security and Nutrition [NASAN], National nutrition development plan [PNDN]). A strategy of advocacy and communication, centred on the 2016 PNDN, was drawn up by CLM with the support of REACH. Similarly, advocacy is currently being deployed toward decision-makers to reinforce legislation and create implementation guidelines for all parties involved.

Aligning actions around a common results framework

The common results framework for nutrition in Senegal will consist of the PSMN is in the process of being created. Various studies are in progress, including a situational analysis, an analysis of the political context, an evaluation of organisational and institutional capacities, and a risk analyses. Furthermore, workshops were held during the process of creating the PNDN to identify the sectors and actions relevant to nutrition, and an analysis was made of the omissions in the multi-sectoral information system.

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2016-17 PRIORITIES

- To mobilise research in order to generate empirical data concerning the impact that actions are having on the slow-down in growth
- To develop and implement multi-sectoral advocacy and communication strategies
- Build on key stakeholders’ skills in the areas of communication, negotiation, team and leadership spirit, planning and coordination
- Support capacity building for individuals and organisations, so that they can become more involved.